Claims:

1: A unitized electronic time-temperature indicator device for rapidly assessing the acceptability of a material's thermal history,

said device containing computational means, and a temperature measurement means; wherein said device periodically samples the temperature and computes a function of temperature that is continually operative throughout the relevant temperature monitoring range of the device;

and wherein said function of temperature approximates the impact that the relevant temperature, for that period's length of time, has on a detectable property of said material; and wherein said computing means generate a running sum of said function of temperature over time;

and wherein the granularity of the function of temperature is small enough, and the frequency of time measurements is often enough, as to substantially approximate the impact of time and temperature on the detectable property of said material; and in which said running sum is compared to a reference value, and the result of said comparison is used to generate an output signal indicative of the fitness for use of said material.

- 2: The device of claim 1, in which the output signal is a visual output signal.
- 3: The device of claim 1, in which the output signal is chosen from the group of visual output signals, vibration signals, sonic signals, radiofrequency signals, electrical signals, or infra-red signals.
- 4: The device of claim 1, further containing means to enable the function of temperature and reference value to be automatically programmed into an assembled device.
- 5: The device of claim 1, in which the computational means is a microprocessor, the device is continually powered throughout its use lifetime, and the power means is chosen

from the group of battery, storage capacitor, thermal, photoelectric, AC power, or radio frequency means.

- 6: The device of claim 1, in which the function of temperature has a temperature resolution granularity of 10 °C or smaller, and the periodicity of sampling has a time resolution granularity of 2 hours or smaller.
- 7: The device of claim 1, in which the display means convey information pertaining to the fractional remaining stability lifetime of material that has not yet expired, or the fractional completion of a time-temperature dependent incubation reaction.
- 8: The time-temperature device of claim 1, incorporated into a material dispensing device, in which the time-temperature device signals if the material should be dispensed or not depending upon the acceptability of the material's thermal history.
- 9: A unitized electronic time-temperature indicator device for rapidly assessing the acceptability of a material's thermal history,

said device containing computational means, and a temperature measurement means; wherein said device periodically samples the temperature and computes a function of temperature that is continually operative throughout the relevant temperature monitoring range of the device;

and wherein said function of temperature approximates the impact that the relevant temperature, for that period's length of time, has on a detectable property of said material; and wherein said computing means generate a running sum of said function of temperature over time;

and wherein the granularity of the function of temperature is small enough, and the frequency of time measurements is often enough, as to substantially approximate the impact of time and temperature on the detectable property of said material; and in which said running sum is compared to a reference value, and the result of said comparison is used to generate a visual output indicative of the fitness for use of said material.

- 10: The device of claim 9, in which the function of temperature and reference value may be programmed into the assembled device by a replaceable memory chip, electronic data transfer, infrared data transfer, or radio frequency data transfer.
- 11: The device of claim 9, in which the computational means is a microprocessor, the device is continually powered throughout its use lifetime, and the power means is chosen from the group of battery, storage capacitor, thermal, photoelectric, AC power, or radio frequency means.
- 12: The device of claim 9, in which the function of temperature has a temperature resolution granularity of 10 °C or smaller, and the periodicity of sampling has a time resolution granularity of 2 hours or smaller.
- 13: The device of claim 9, in which the display means convey information pertaining to the fractional remaining stability lifetime of material that has not yet expired, or the fractional completion of a time-temperature dependent incubation reaction.
- 14: The time-temperature device of claim 9, incorporated into a material dispensing device, in which the time-temperature device signals if the material should be dispensed or not depending upon the acceptability of the material's thermal history.
- 15: A unitized electronic time-temperature indicator device for rapidly assessing the acceptability of a material's thermal history,

said device containing computational means, and a temperature measurement means; wherein said device periodically samples the temperature and computes a function of temperature that is continually operative throughout the relevant temperature monitoring range of the device;

and wherein said function of temperature approximates the impact that the relevant temperature, for that period's length of time, has on a detectable property of said material; and wherein said computing means generate a running sum of said function of temperature over time;

and wherein the granularity of the function of temperature is small enough, and the frequency of time measurements is often enough, as to substantially approximate the impact of time and temperature on the detectable property of said material; and in which said running sum is compared to a reference value, and the result of said comparison is used to generate a visual output indicative of the fitness for use of said material, and the device contains means to allow the function of temperature and reference value to be automatically programmed into an assembled device.

- 16: The device of claim 15, in which the function of temperature and reference value may be programmed into the assembled device by a replaceable memory chip, electronic data transfer, infrared data transfer, or radio frequency data transfer.
- 17: The device of claim 15, in which the computational means is a microprocessor, the device is continually powered throughout its use lifetime, and the power means is chosen from the group of battery, storage capacitor, thermal, photoelectric, AC power, or radio frequency means.
- 18: The device of claim 15, in which the function of temperature has a temperature resolution granularity of 10 °C or smaller, and the periodicity of sampling has a time resolution granularity of 2 hours or smaller.
- 19: The device of claim 15, in which the display means convey information pertaining to the fractional remaining stability lifetime of material that has not yet expired, or the fractional completion of a time-temperature dependent incubation reaction.
- 20: The time-temperature device of claim 15, incorporated into a material dispensing device, in which the time-temperature device signals if the material should be dispensed or not depending upon the acceptability of the material's thermal history.